In the claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for estimating a sequence of symbols, wherein the

symbols conform to predetermined valid symbol sequences, comprising the steps:

forming at least two predetermined groups of valid sequences, wherein each group is formed

based on possible initial states and includes all possible valid sequences originating from the

respective initial states;

receiving a set of symbol measurements:

identifying a candidate sequence for each group of valid sequences, wherein the candidate

sequence is a valid sequence from its respective group that is closest to the set of symbol

measurements, and wherein each candidate sequence has corresponding decision

information, and wherein each candidate sequence is identified by forming a set of error

metrics for each symbol in the set of received symbols, and using the sets of error metrics

to select sequences in time-reverse order; and

determining at least one output decision by selecting a group and corresponding decision

information from the identified candidate sequence in response to candidate sequence

selection information.

2. (Canceled)

3. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the candidate sequence selection information is

fed forward from a prior output decision.

4. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the recited steps are performed in each one of

a plurality of parallel stages, and wherein the at least one output decision of each stage is

McDonnell Boehnen Hulbert & Berghoff LLP 300 South Wacker Drive TELEPHONE (312) 913-0001

S/N: 10/603,388 FILING DATE: JUNE 24, 2003

provided to at least one other stage as at least a portion of the candidate sequence selection

information.

5. (Original) The method of claim 4 wherein the respective sets of received symbols for the

plurality of stages are overlapping.

6. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the groups are formed according to possible

initial states, and where each group corresponds to a single state.

7. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the groups are formed according to possible

initial states, and where each group corresponds to a plurality of initial states.

8. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of determining at least one output

decision is performed in response to soft information.

9. (Previously Presented) A method for estimating a sequence of symbols, comprising the

steps:

forming groups of paths through a trellis based on the initial states of the paths;

forming sets of sequential samples of symbols, wherein the sets comprise at least a first

set of samples and a next set of samples;

for each set of samples, determining a plurality of minimum error paths and

corresponding candidate decision information, wherein each group has a minimum error path

and corresponding candidate decision information;

selecting a group corresponding to the first set of samples and its minimum error path

and its corresponding decision information, where the selection is based on prior state

information; and

McDonnell Boehnen Hulbert & Berghoff LLP 300 South Wacker Drive CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60606 TELEPHONE (312) 913-0001

S/N: 10/603,388 FILING DATE: JUNE 24, 2003

using at least a portion of the selected corresponding decision information to select a

group corresponding to the next set of samples and its corresponding decision information.

10. (Original) The method of claim 9 wherein a portion of the sequential samples in the first

set of sequential samples are repeated in a portion of the sequential samples in the next

set of sequential samples.

11. (Original) The method of claim 9 wherein each group corresponds to a single possible

prior state.

12. (Original) The method of claim 9 wherein each group corresponds to a plurality of

possible prior states.

13. (Currently Amended) A decoder comprising:

at least one sequence error estimator comprising an input to receive symbol error

metrics and a plurality of candidate path outputs and a plurality of interconnected selectors

and adders, wherein said at least one sequence error estimator identifies a plurality of

candidate paths in time reverse order and decision information corresponding to each of said

candidate paths, and provides said decision information at said candidate path outputs; and,

a selector connected to said at least one sequence error estimator, said selector having

inputs connected to said candidate path outputs, a selector output for providing an output

decision, and a selection input for determining which of said inputs is interconnected to said

selector output, thereby providing an output decision corresponding to the decision

information on said interconnected input.

14. (Original) The decoder of claim 13 wherein said at least one sequence error estimator

McDonnell Boehnen Hulbert & Berghoff LLP 300 South Wacker Drive TELEPHONE (312) 913-0001

S/N: 10/603,388 FILING DATE: JUNE 24, 2003

comprises a plurality of sequence error estimators, and wherein at least a portion of the

output decision of a first of said plurality of sequence error estimators is provided to said

selection input of another of said plurality of sequence error estimators.

15. (Canceled)

16. (Previously Presented) A decoder device comprising:

a branch error metric block for generating incremental error estimates;

a plurality of candidate path identification blocks, each of said candidate path

identification blocks providing a set of outputs; and,

a plurality of selection devices, wherein each one of said plurality of selection devices is

connected to said set of outputs of each one of said plurality of candidate path identification

blocks, where each selection device provides data outputs, and wherein the data outputs of

each of said plurality of selection devices is used to select the data outputs of another of said

plurality of selection devices.

17. (Original) A decoder device comprising:

means for generating branch error metric values;

at least one decoding means connected to said means for generating branch error

metrics, wherein each decoding means comprises:

a sequence identification means for identifying a set of candidate sequences in

response to said branch error metrics, wherein each candidate sequence within said

set of candidate sequences has associated candidate decision information; and

McDonnell Boehnen Hulbert & Berghoff LLP 300 South Wacker Drive CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60606

S/N: 10/603,388 FILING DATE: JUNE 24, 2003

a selecting means for receiving said associated candidate decision information, and

for providing output decision information, said output decision information being

generated in response to said associated candidate decision information, and output

decision information from a selecting means of another decoding means.

18. (Previously Presented) The decoder of claim 17 wherein said selecting means uses said

output decision information from a selecting means of another decoding means to select

candidate decision information from one of said candidate sequences.

19. (Original) The decoder of claim 17 wherein said sequence identification means computes

candidate sequences by operating in a time reverse order.

20. (Original) The decoder of claim 17 wherein said sequence identification means

comprises a plurality of min-select means.

21. (Original) The decoder of claim 17 wherein said selecting means is a multiplexer.

22. (Original) The decoder of claim 17 wherein said output decision information includes

candidate decision information from one candidate sequence within said set of candidate

sequences.

23. (Original) The decoder of claim 17 wherein said output decision information includes soft

decision information.

24. (Original) The decoder of claim 17 wherein said at least one decoding means comprises

a first and a last decoding means, and wherein said output decision information of said

McDonnell Boehnen Hulbert & Berghoff LLP 300 South Wacker Drive

S/N: 10/603,388 FILING DATE: JUNE 24, 2003 last decoding means is buffered for a first time frame and then provided to said last

decoding means in another time frame.

25. (Original) A method of recovering information from a plurality of state observations of

system comprising the steps:

identifying a candidate sequence for each initial state of a system having a plurality of

initial states, wherein the candidate sequence for each initial state is identified in time-

reverse order, and wherein each candidate sequence has an associated candidate set of

decision information;

receiving initial state decision information; and

selecting a single candidate set of decision information from the candidate sets in

response to the received initial state information.

26. (Canceled)

27. (Original) The method of claim 25 wherein the candidate set of decision information

comprises at least one data bit decision.

28. (Original) The method of claim 27 wherein the candidate set of decision information

further comprises soft decision information.

29. (Original) The method of claim 28 wherein the soft decision information comprises a

measure of reliability of the at least one data bit decision.

30. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 25 wherein the step of identifying a candidate

sequence for each initial state comprises the steps of:

McDonnell Boehnen Hulbert & Berghoff LLP 300 South Wacker Drive Chicago, Illinois 60606 Telephone (312) 913-0001

MBHB DOCKET NO.: 02-957 S/N: 10/603,388 FILING DATE: JUNE 24, 2003

computing branch error metrics;

computing and comparing path metrics; and

identifying a path having the smallest path metric for each initial state.